

MT 453 Elements

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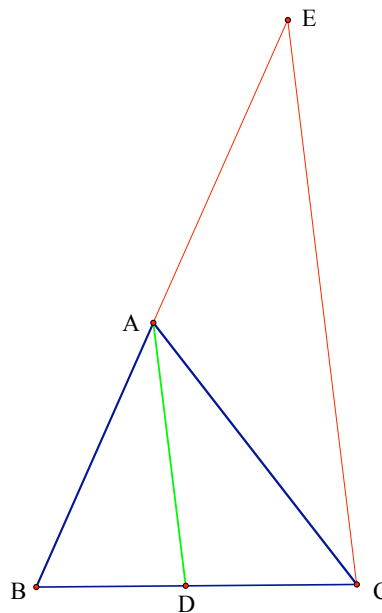
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Proposition VI.3

If an angle in a triangle is bisected the segments of the base are in the same ratio as the remaining sides, and the converse of this statement.

Draw triangle ABC and bisect $\angle BAC$ with line AD so that point D lies on BC .



Given that $\angle BAD = \angle DAC$, prove $BD : DC = BA : CA$.

Draw a line parallel to AD through point C [I.31], and extend BA until it hits that line at point E [Post 2].

$$\angle DAC = \angle ACE \text{ [I.29]}$$

$$\angle BAD = \angle BEC \text{ [I.29]}$$

$$\text{So } \angle ACE = \angle BEC \text{ [c.n.1]}$$

$$\text{Thus } AC = AE \text{ [I.6]}$$

$$\text{So } BD : BC = BA : AE \text{ [VI.2]}$$

$$\text{Since } AC = AE, BD : BC = BA : AC \text{ [c.n.1]}$$

The Converse:

Given $BD : DC = BA : AC$, prove $\angle BAD = \angle DAC$.

$$\angle DAC = \angle ACE \text{ and } \angle BAD = \angle AEC \text{ [I.29]}$$

$$BD : DC = BA : AE \text{ [VI.2]}$$

$$\text{Using the given information, } BA : AC = BA : AE \text{ [V.11]}$$

$$\text{So } AC = AE \text{ [V.9]}$$

$$\text{So } \angle ACE = \angle AEC \text{ [I.5]}$$

Thus $\angle BAD = \angle DAC$ [c.n.1]. Therefore AD bisects $\angle BAC$.

QED